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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/071,405	02/08/2002	Frans Andreas Gerritsen	NL010106	1656
	7590 07/02/200 LLECTUAL PROPER	EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 3001			TUCKER, WESLEY J	
BRIARCLIFF MANOR, NY 10510			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		2624		
		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			07/02/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/071,405	GERRITSEN ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		

	WESLEY TUCKER	2624	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appear	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 16 June 2008 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP	LICATION IN CONDITION FOR A	LLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following rapplication in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appe for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit al (with appeal fee) in compliance v	, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of this Action on event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b) MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f)	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth i tter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	date of the final rejection	n.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extender 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the slipset forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply origin	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compl filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exten Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with AMENDMENTS	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, b (a) They raise new issues that would require further con (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in bett appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a c	nsideration and/or search (see NOT w); er form for appeal by materially red	E below); lucing or simplifying th	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowed non-allowable claim(s). 7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is proved the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:	cowable if submitted in a separate, t will not be entered, or b) ⊠ will	imely filed amendmer	nt canceling the
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1 and 4-9 are rejected. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE 8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but	: before or on the date of filing a No	itice of Appeal will not	be entered
because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).	sufficient reasons why the affidavi	t or other evidence is	necessary and
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to over showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea and was not earlier presented. Se	l and/or appellant fails e 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1)	s to provide a).
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER		•	
 11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet. 12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (In the continuation of the continuation of		Condition for allowand	ce pecause:
13. Other:	1 10/36/00) Fapel No(5).		
/Matthew C Bella/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2624			

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

Applicant argues that the reference to Pieper does not disclose claimed features of the claim. Specifically Applicant argues that because Pieper does not explicitly discuss edges in identifying structures in reconstructed 3D slice images, that edges are not disclosed. Examiner disagrees.

The whole purpose of the invention of Pieper is to create reconstructed image slices in a direction different from the sampled image slices (column 14, lines 25-37). Pieper teaches that images are generated or reconstructed using data from slice images in a different direction through well know techniques known in the art. These techniques most likely use interpolation for recreating an image from a series of slice images. It is also a primary object of Pieper's invention to identify anatomical structures or regions of interest in both multiple interesting slices and in the 3D model image data (column 14, lines 56-67 and column 15, lines 22-63). Pieper teaches that markers are used in the image and the location of the marker is known in the other corresponding 2D slices and the 3D model image which are all simultaneously displayed to the user or physician. Furthermore when an object or anatomical structure or region of interest is identified in one 2D slice, it is identified in the other corresponding 2D slices, which have been reconstructed or generated (column 15, lines 48-63).

Therefore Pieper teaches a comprehensive system of 3D modeling with both sampled reconstructed 2D slices to identify regions of interest such as anatomical structures, markers, blood vessels or any other object. It should be noted that edges are inherently identified when the anatomical structure or object of interest is identified in the corresponding 2D slices. There can be no object of interest or anatomical structure without the known location of identified edges which define such a structure. Indeed there is no structure to be identified without edges that define such structures. Applicant argues that identifying edges is not inherent to identifying structures in images. The question remains then, how does Pieper identify structures in the 3D reconstructed images without edges? The answer is that it is impossible to identify or a structure without identifying the edges that define the structure. Applicant is encouraged to provide an example of how a structure might be identified in 3D reconstructed image without identifying edges defining the structure.

With regard to Applicant's arguments regarding "segmenting a region of interest", see Figures 17-24 and corresponding disclosure. The purpose of 3D reconstructed imagery in Pieper is expictly to examine regions of interest.

The rejection in view of Pieper is maintained and remains FINAL..

The 101 rejection of claim 8 is overcome by the amendment and is accordingly withdrawn.

With regard to Applicant's refusal to add section headers to format the specification, the objection is withdrawn, but however remains as Examiner's suggestion.